Acta Crystallographica Section E
Structure Reports Online
ISSN 1600-5368

3-Chloro-*N*′-(2-chloro-5-nitrobenzylidene)benzohydrazide

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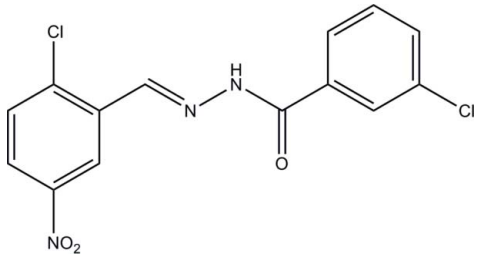
Received 30 May 2011; accepted 4 June 2011

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 298 K; mean σ(C–C) = 0.005 Å; R factor = 0.060; wR factor = 0.152; data-to-parameter ratio = 14.9.

The title molecule, $C_{14}H_9Cl_2N_3O_3$, has an E configuration with respect to the methylidene unit. The dihedral angle between the mean planes of the two benzene rings is 12.3 (3)°. In the crystal, molecules are linked *via* bifurcated N—H···(O, N) hydrogen bonds into chains along [001].

Related literature

For the biological applications of hydrazone compounds, see: Ajani *et al.* (2010); Avaji *et al.* (2009); Fan *et al.* (2010); Rasras *et al.* (2010). For related hydrazone structures, see: Zhang (2011*a*,*b*); Ahmad *et al.* (2010); Ban (2010); Ji & Lu (2010); Shalash *et al.* (2010).



Experimental

Crystal data

$C_{14}H_9Cl_2N_3O_3$
M_r = 338.14
Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$
a = 7.770 (2) Å
b = 24.254 (6) Å
c = 7.889 (2) Å
β = 95.383 (3)°
V = 1480.1 (7) Å^3
Z = 4
Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
μ = 0.45 mm^{-1}
T = 298 K
0.32 × 0.30 × 0.30 mm

Data collection

Bruker SMART APEX CCD diffractometer
Absorption correction: multi-scan (*SADABS*; Bruker, 2009)
T_{min} = 0.868, T_{max} = 0.876
7538 measured reflections
3016 independent reflections
1607 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
R_{int} = 0.055

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)]$ = 0.060
$wR(F^2)$ = 0.152
S = 1.04
3016 reflections
202 parameters
1 restraint
H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
$\Delta\rho_{max}$ = 0.23 e Å^{-3}
$\Delta\rho_{min}$ = −0.24 e Å^{-3}

Table 1
Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D···A	D—H···A
N2—H2···N1^{i}	0.89 (1)	2.43 (2)	3.139 (4)	137 (3)
N2—H2···O3^{i}	0.89 (1)	2.27 (2)	3.095 (4)	154 (3)

Symmetry code: (i) $x, -y+\frac{3}{2}, z-\frac{1}{2}$.

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2009); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2009); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXTL*; molecular graphics: *SHELXTL*; software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL*.

The author acknowledges the Experimental Center of Linyi University for supporting this work.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: LH5264).

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supplementary materials

Acta Cryst. (2011). E**67**, o1639 [**doi:10.1107/S160053681102157X**]

3-Chloro-*N*'-(2-chloro-5-nitrobenzylidene)benzohydrazide

Z. Zhang

Comment

Hydrazone compounds have received much attention due to their potential applications in biological chemistry (Ajani *et al.*, 2010; Avaji *et al.*, 2009; Fan *et al.*, 2010; Rasras *et al.*, 2010). As a continuation of our work related to hydrazone compounds, the crystal structure of the title compound is reported herein.

The molecule is in a *E* configuration with respect to the methylidene unit (Fig. 1). The bond lengths are comparable to those observed in similar hydrazone compounds (Zhang, 2011*a*,*b*; Ahmad *et al.*, 2010; Ban, 2010; Ji & Lu, 2010; Shalash *et al.*, 2010). The dihedral angle between the mean planes of the two benzene rings is 12.3 (3)°. In the crystal, molecules are linked via bifurcated N—H···(O, N) hydrogen bonds to from chains along [001] (Table 1, Fig. 2).

Experimental

A methanol solution (50 ml) of 3-chlorobenzohydrazide (0.01 mol) and 2-chloro-5-nitrobenzaldehyde (0.01 mol) was stirred at room temperature for 30 min to give a yellow solution. Yellow block-shaped single crystals suitable for X-ray diffraction were formed by slow evaporation of the solution in air.

Refinement

The amino atom, H2, was located in a difference Fourier map and refined isotropically, with the N—H distance restrained to 0.90 (1) Å. The remaining H atoms were positioned geometrically and refined using the riding-model approximation, with C—H = 0.93 Å, and with U_{iso}(H) = 1.2U_{eq}(C).

Figures

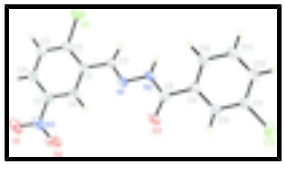

Fig. 1. The molecular structure of the title compound, showing displacement ellipsoids at the 30% probability level.

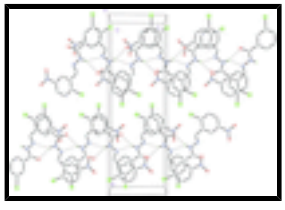

Fig. 2. The packing of the title compound. Hydrogen bonds are shown as dashed lines. Only H atoms involved in hydrogen bonds are shown.

3-Chloro-*N*'-(2-chloro-5-nitrobenzylidene)benzohydrazide

Crystal data

$C_{14}H_9Cl_2N_3O_3$	$F(000) = 688$
$M_r = 338.14$	$D_x = 1.517$ Mg m^{-3}
Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å
Hall symbol: -P 2ybc	Cell parameters from 814 reflections
$a = 7.770$ (2) Å	$\theta = 2.6$–$24.5°$
$b = 24.254$ (6) Å	$\mu = 0.45$ mm^{-1}
$c = 7.889$ (2) Å	$T = 298$ K
$\beta = 95.383$ (3)°	Block, yellow
$V = 1480.1$ (7) Å^3	0.32 × 0.30 × 0.30 mm
$Z = 4$	

Data collection

Bruker SMART APEX CCD diffractometer	3016 independent reflections
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	1607 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
graphite	$R_{int} = 0.055$
ω scans	$\theta_{max} = 26.5°$, $\theta_{min} = 2.6°$
Absorption correction: multi-scan (*SADABS*; Bruker, 2009)	$h = -5 \rightarrow 9$
$T_{min} = 0.868$, $T_{max} = 0.876$	$k = -30 \rightarrow 30$
7538 measured reflections	$l = -9 \rightarrow 9$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods
Least-squares matrix: full	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.060$	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$wR(F^2) = 0.152$	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
$S = 1.04$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0443P)^2 + 0.2711P]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
3016 reflections	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{max} < 0.001$
202 parameters	$\Delta\rho_{max} = 0.23$ e Å^{-3}
1 restraint	$\Delta\rho_{min} = -0.24$ e Å^{-3}

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations

between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted *R*-factor *wR* and goodness of fit *S* are based on F^2, conventional *R*-factors *R* are based on *F*, with *F* set to zero for negative F^2. The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating *R*-factors(gt) *etc*. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. *R*-factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on *F*, and *R*- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (Å^2)

	x	*y*	*z*	U_{iso}*/U_{eq}
Cl1	0.33815 (15)	0.55819 (4)	0.48098 (13)	0.0786 (4)
Cl2	0.02262 (16)	0.99758 (4)	0.26818 (14)	0.0827 (4)
N1	0.2837 (3)	0.72544 (12)	0.6153 (3)	0.0429 (7)
N2	0.1950 (4)	0.75727 (12)	0.4918 (3)	0.0459 (7)
N3	0.6550 (5)	0.65111 (19)	1.1284 (4)	0.0771 (11)
O1	0.7009 (5)	0.61872 (16)	1.2395 (4)	0.1306 (15)
O2	0.6670 (5)	0.70061 (16)	1.1441 (4)	0.1060 (12)
O3	0.1450 (4)	0.82247 (10)	0.6847 (3)	0.0701 (8)
C1	0.4302 (4)	0.64304 (14)	0.6916 (4)	0.0425 (8)
C2	0.4361 (4)	0.58649 (14)	0.6668 (4)	0.0493 (9)
C3	0.5135 (5)	0.55147 (15)	0.7884 (5)	0.0591 (10)
H3	0.5166	0.5137	0.7681	0.071*
C4	0.5859 (5)	0.57270 (16)	0.9396 (5)	0.0602 (10)
H4	0.6375	0.5495	1.0235	0.072*
C5	0.5812 (4)	0.62850 (16)	0.9653 (4)	0.0513 (9)
C6	0.5069 (4)	0.66400 (14)	0.8457 (4)	0.0464 (9)
H6	0.5073	0.7017	0.8665	0.056*
C7	0.3405 (4)	0.67978 (15)	0.5662 (4)	0.0469 (9)
H7	0.3252	0.6698	0.4519	0.056*
C8	0.1301 (5)	0.80617 (14)	0.5386 (4)	0.0467 (9)
C9	0.0426 (4)	0.83855 (13)	0.3958 (4)	0.0427 (8)
C10	0.0624 (4)	0.89538 (14)	0.4003 (4)	0.0475 (9)
H10	0.1224	0.9123	0.4938	0.057*
C11	−0.0076 (5)	0.92655 (15)	0.2651 (4)	0.0520 (9)
C12	−0.1003 (5)	0.90243 (17)	0.1273 (5)	0.0587 (10)
H12	−0.1459	0.9239	0.0362	0.070*
C13	−0.1246 (5)	0.84646 (16)	0.1259 (4)	0.0574 (10)
H13	−0.1891	0.8300	0.0342	0.069*
C14	−0.0544 (4)	0.81411 (15)	0.2593 (4)	0.0472 (9)
H14	−0.0720	0.7762	0.2576	0.057*
H2	0.193 (4)	0.7439 (12)	0.386 (2)	0.057*

Atomic displacement parameters (Å^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Cl1	0.0933 (9)	0.0746 (7)	0.0636 (7)	0.0081 (6)	−0.0147 (6)	−0.0264 (6)
Cl2	0.1195 (10)	0.0564 (7)	0.0692 (7)	0.0114 (6)	−0.0070 (7)	0.0126 (5)

N1	0.0476 (17)	0.0491 (17)	0.0306 (15)	0.0043 (14)	−0.0040 (13)	0.0048 (13)
N2	0.0595 (19)	0.0541 (19)	0.0229 (14)	0.0092 (15)	−0.0032 (13)	0.0008 (13)
N3	0.084 (3)	0.092 (3)	0.050 (2)	0.005 (2)	−0.0218 (19)	0.002 (2)
O1	0.195 (4)	0.126 (3)	0.058 (2)	0.012 (3)	−0.058 (2)	0.018 (2)
O2	0.134 (3)	0.094 (3)	0.080 (2)	0.007 (2)	−0.044 (2)	−0.024 (2)
O3	0.114 (2)	0.0647 (17)	0.0285 (13)	0.0229 (16)	−0.0129 (14)	−0.0066 (12)
C1	0.041 (2)	0.051 (2)	0.0342 (18)	0.0037 (16)	−0.0001 (15)	−0.0010 (15)
C2	0.051 (2)	0.054 (2)	0.041 (2)	0.0050 (18)	−0.0016 (17)	−0.0074 (17)
C3	0.070 (3)	0.047 (2)	0.060 (3)	0.0069 (19)	0.001 (2)	0.0013 (18)
C4	0.066 (3)	0.061 (3)	0.052 (2)	0.008 (2)	−0.003 (2)	0.013 (2)
C5	0.048 (2)	0.064 (3)	0.039 (2)	0.0007 (18)	−0.0092 (17)	0.0020 (18)
C6	0.046 (2)	0.052 (2)	0.040 (2)	0.0069 (17)	−0.0018 (17)	−0.0033 (16)
C7	0.054 (2)	0.056 (2)	0.0293 (18)	0.0050 (19)	−0.0023 (16)	−0.0036 (16)
C8	0.056 (2)	0.049 (2)	0.034 (2)	0.0029 (18)	−0.0014 (17)	0.0023 (16)
C9	0.047 (2)	0.052 (2)	0.0289 (18)	0.0104 (17)	−0.0008 (15)	0.0027 (15)
C10	0.058 (2)	0.054 (2)	0.0304 (19)	0.0052 (18)	−0.0012 (16)	−0.0006 (16)
C11	0.060 (2)	0.055 (2)	0.040 (2)	0.0103 (19)	0.0020 (18)	0.0079 (17)
C12	0.060 (3)	0.074 (3)	0.040 (2)	0.018 (2)	−0.0058 (19)	0.0102 (19)
C13	0.061 (2)	0.074 (3)	0.034 (2)	0.010 (2)	−0.0105 (18)	−0.0010 (19)
C14	0.049 (2)	0.055 (2)	0.0365 (19)	0.0067 (17)	0.0002 (17)	−0.0011 (16)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

Cl1—C2	1.729 (3)	C4—C5	1.370 (5)
Cl2—C11	1.738 (4)	C4—H4	0.9300
N1—C7	1.266 (4)	C5—C6	1.365 (4)
N1—N2	1.376 (3)	C6—H6	0.9300
N2—C8	1.354 (4)	C7—H7	0.9300
N2—H2	0.893 (10)	C8—C9	1.485 (4)
N3—O1	1.206 (4)	C9—C10	1.387 (4)
N3—O2	1.210 (4)	C9—C14	1.388 (4)
N3—C5	1.465 (5)	C10—C11	1.377 (4)
O3—C8	1.214 (4)	C10—H10	0.9300
C1—C2	1.387 (5)	C11—C12	1.377 (5)
C1—C6	1.398 (4)	C12—C13	1.371 (5)
C1—C7	1.460 (4)	C12—H12	0.9300
C2—C3	1.377 (5)	C13—C14	1.383 (4)
C3—C4	1.371 (5)	C13—H13	0.9300
C3—H3	0.9300	C14—H14	0.9300
C7—N1—N2	116.1 (3)	N1—C7—C1	119.0 (3)
C8—N2—N1	118.2 (3)	N1—C7—H7	120.5
C8—N2—H2	127 (2)	C1—C7—H7	120.5
N1—N2—H2	115 (2)	O3—C8—N2	122.7 (3)
O1—N3—O2	123.9 (4)	O3—C8—C9	123.0 (3)
O1—N3—C5	117.3 (4)	N2—C8—C9	114.3 (3)
O2—N3—C5	118.8 (3)	C10—C9—C14	119.7 (3)
C2—C1—C6	117.7 (3)	C10—C9—C8	117.7 (3)
C2—C1—C7	121.9 (3)	C14—C9—C8	122.6 (3)
C6—C1—C7	120.3 (3)	C11—C10—C9	119.4 (3)

C3—C2—C1	122.0 (3)	C11—C10—H10	120.3
C3—C2—Cl1	118.3 (3)	C9—C10—H10	120.3
C1—C2—Cl1	119.7 (3)	C12—C11—C10	121.2 (4)
C4—C3—C2	119.4 (3)	C12—C11—Cl2	119.5 (3)
C4—C3—H3	120.3	C10—C11—Cl2	119.4 (3)
C2—C3—H3	120.3	C13—C12—C11	119.3 (3)
C5—C4—C3	119.1 (3)	C13—C12—H12	120.4
C5—C4—H4	120.5	C11—C12—H12	120.4
C3—C4—H4	120.5	C12—C13—C14	120.8 (3)
C6—C5—C4	122.4 (3)	C12—C13—H13	119.6
C6—C5—N3	118.5 (4)	C14—C13—H13	119.6
C4—C5—N3	119.1 (3)	C13—C14—C9	119.7 (3)
C5—C6—C1	119.3 (3)	C13—C14—H14	120.2
C5—C6—H6	120.3	C9—C14—H14	120.2
C1—C6—H6	120.3		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···*A*	*D*—H	H···*A*	*D*···*A*	*D*—H···*A*
N2—H2···N1^{i}	0.89 (1)	2.43 (2)	3.139 (4)	137 (3)
N2—H2···O3^{i}	0.89 (1)	2.27 (2)	3.095 (4)	154 (3)

Symmetry codes: (i) *x*, −*y*+3/2, *z*−1/2.

Fig. 1

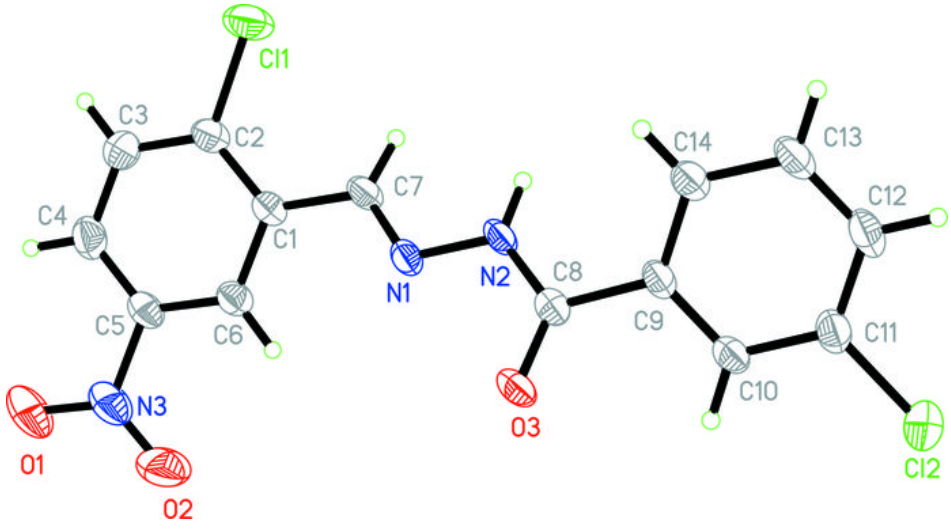
Cl1
C3
C2
C7
C14
C13
C4
C1
N1
N2
C8
C12
C5
C6
C9
C11
N3
C10
O3
O1
O2
Cl2

Fig. 2